

Music	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Charanga	Charanga	Charanga	Charanga	Charanga	Charanga
EYFS Listen and Appraise Explore and create Sing and play Share and perform	Me!  Learn to sing nursery rhymes and action songs  Pat-a-cake  1, 2, 3, 4, 5, Once I Caught a Fish Alive This Old Man Five Little Ducks  Name Song  Things for Fingers	My stories  Learn to sing nursery rhymes and action songs  I'm A Little Teapot The Grand Old Duke Of York  Ring O' Roses Hickory Dickory Dock  Not Too Difficult The ABC Song	Everyone!  Learn to sing nursery rhymes and action songs  Wind The Bobbin Up Rock-a-bye Baby Five Little Monkeys Jumping On The Bed Twinkle Twinkle If You're Happy And You Know It Head, Shoulders, Knees and Toes	Our World  Learn to sing nursery rhymes and action songs  Old Macdonald Incy Wincy Spider Baa Baa Black Sheep Row, Row, Row Your Boat The Wheels On The Bus The Hokey Cokey	Big Bear Funk- a transition Unit that prepares children for their musical learning in Year 1.	Reflect, rewind and replay  Listen and Appraise  Continue to embed the foundations of the interrelated dimensions of music using voices and instruments  Sing and revisit nursery rhymes and action song Play instruments within the song  Improvisation using voices and instruments  Riff-based composition Share and perform the learning that has taken place

- Listen and respond to different styles of music
- Listen to, learn to sing or sing along with nursery rhymes and action songs
- Play classroom instruments
- Share and perform the learning that has taken place.

### Whole School Music Overview 2021-2022

## Charanga password and login 85234 drumming2018



Pupils should be taught to:

- \* use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes
- \* play tuned and untuned instruments musically
- $\clubsuit$  listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music

	\mid 📤 experiment with, create	e, select and combine sounds (	using the inter-related dim	ensions of music.		
	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4	Unit 5	Unit 6
	How do we make friends when we sing together?	How does music tell us stories about the past?	How does music make the world a better place?	How does music help us to understand our neighbours?	What songs can we sing to help us through the day?	How does music teach us about looking after our planet?
'ear 1						
Ongoing Focus- earning new musical kills/concepts and evisiting them over ime and with ncreasing depth						

### Skills for Year 1

Musicianship: Understanding Music Using body percussion, instruments and voices, In the key centres of: C major, F major, A minor, Find and keep a steady beat, Copy back simple rhythmic patterns using long and short, Copy back simple melodic patterns using high and low

Listening: Move and dance with the music, Find the steady beat, Talk about feelings created by the music/song, Recognise some band and orchestral instruments, Describe tempo as fast or slow, Describe dynamics as loud and quiet, Join in sections of the song eg. chorus, Begin to understand where the music fits in the world, Begin to understand about different styles of music

Singing Demonstrate good singing posture, Sing songs from memory, Copy back intervals of an octave and fifth (high, low), Sing in unison

### **Notation**

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Explore ways of representing high and low sounds, long and short sounds, symbols, and any appropriate means of notation, Standard notation using crotchets, quavers and minims, and simple combinations of CDEFG, FGA, DEF"GA

Playing Instruments Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear or from simple notation in C major, F major and D major Creating: Improvising Explore improvisation within a major scale using the notes C D E and F G A

Creating: Composing Create a simple melody using crotchets and minims: CD, CDE, CDEF, CDEFG Start and ending on the note C, FG, FGA, FGAC, FGACD Start and ending on the note F

Performing Enjoy and have fun performing, Choose a song/songs to perform to a well-known audience, Prepare a song to perform, Communicate the meaning of the song Add actions to the song, Play some simple instrumental parts

# Year 2 Ongoing Focus-Learning new musical skills/concepts and revisiting them over time and with

# increasing depth

to make friends? us about the past?

How does music teach

How does music make the world a better place?

How does music teach us about our neighbours?

How does music make us happy?

How does music teach us about looking after our planet?

Skills for Year 2

How does music help us

Musicianship: Understanding Music Using body percussion, instruments and voices, In the key centres of: C major, G major, A minor, Find and keep a steady beat, Copy back simple rhythmic patterns using long and short, Copy back simple melodic patterns using high and low

Blakehill

<u>Listening</u>: Move and dance with the music confidently, Talk about how the song makes you feel, Find different steady beats, Describe tempo as fast or Slow, Describe dynamics as loud and quiet, Join in sections of the song eg call and response, Start to talk about the style of a song, Recognise some band and some orchestral instruments, Start to talk about where music might fit into the world

<u>Singing</u> Sing as part of a choir, Demonstrate good singing posture, Sing songs from memory and/ or notation, Sing to communicate the meaning of the words, Sing in unison and sometimes in parts, Understand and follow the leader or conductor, Add actions to a song, Join in sections of the song eg. chorus **Notation** 

Explore ways of representing high and low sounds, long and short sounds, symbols, and any appropriate means of notation, Standard notation using crotchets, quavers, minims and semibreves, and simple combinations of CDEFGAB, GABDEF", FGABbCDE, Identify hand signals as notation and recognise music notation on a stave of five lines

<u>Playing Instruments</u> Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear or from simple notation in C major, F major and G major <u>Playing the recorder</u> Rehearse and learn a simple instrumental part by ear or from notation using the notes GABBbCEF

Creating: Improvising Explore improvisation within a major scale using the notes CDE and CGA, GAB, FGA

<u>Creating: Composing</u> Create a simple melody using crotchets and minims: CD, CDE, CDEF, CDEFG Start and ending on the note C (C Major), GA,GAB,GABDE, start and ending on the note G (Pentatonic on G) FG, FGA,FGACD, Start and ending on the note F (Pentatonic on F)

<u>Performing</u> Practice, rehearse and share a song that has been learned in the lesson, from memory or with notation and with confidence, Decide on any actions, instrumental parts/improvisatory ideas/ composed passages to be practised and included in the performance, Talk about what the song means and why it was chosen to share, Talk about the difference between rehearsing a song and performing it

### National Curriculum Subject content Key Stage 2 Key stage 2

Pupils should be taught to sing and play musically with increasing confidence and control. They should develop an understanding of musical composition, organising and manipulating ideas within musical structures and reproducing sounds from aural memory. Pupils should be taught to:

- \* play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression
- \* improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music
- \* listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory
- \* use and understand staff and other musical notations
- \* appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians

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\* develop an understanding of the history of music.

Year 3
Ongoing Focus-
Learning new musical
skills/concepts and
revisiting them over
time and with
increasing depth

	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4	Unit 5	Unit 6	
al	How does music bring us closer together?	What stories does music tell us about the past?	How does music help us to make the world a better place?	How does music help us to get to know our community?	How does music make a difference to us every day?	How does music connect us with our planet?	
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Whole	School Music Overview 20	021-2022	a password and login	85234 drumming20	<mark>18</mark>	Blakehil		
						Primary Schoo		
	Skills for Year 3	ı	1	1	1			
		ding Music Using body percus	sion, instruments and voice	s, In the key centres of: C	major, F major, G major, A	minor, In the time		
	•	-/4, Find and keep a steady be		•	•			
	_	simple melodic patterns using			,,	,		
		oughts and feelings about the			. Invent different actions	to move in time with the		
		e song means, Identify some						
		choir, Demonstrate good sing	•			, ,		
	Sing with attention to cle	ar diction, Sing expressively	, with attention to the mea	ning of the words, Sing in (	ınison, Understand and foll	ow the leader or		
		ple melodic phrases using the						
	Notation	_						
	Explore ways of represer	nting high and low sounds, long	g and short sounds, symbols	s, and any appropriate mear	ns of notation, Standard no	tation using dotted		
	crotchets, crotchets, sem	niquavers, quavers, minims and	d semibreves, and simple co	mbinations of CDEFGAB, F	GABbC, GABCDE, EF"G"AB	, Reading and responding		
	to minims, crotchets, and	quavers, Identifying: Stave,	Treble Clef, Time signature	2				
	Playing Instruments Reh	earse and learn to play a simp	ole melodic instrumental pa	rt by ear or from simple no	tation in C major, F major	9 major and E major		
	Playing the recorder Reh	nearse and learn a simple inst	rumental part by ear or fro	om notation using the notes	CDEFF"GG"AB and Bb			
	Creating: Improvising Ex	plore improvisation within a m	najor scale using the notes	CDE and CDEGA, GAB, GAE	BDE, FGA			
	Creating: Composing Cre	ate a simple melody using cro	tchets and minims: CD, CDI	E, CDEG,CDEGA Start and	ending on the note C (Pento	itonic on C),CD,		
		and ending on the note $C(C \text{ m})$	ajor) FG, FGA, FGABb, FG	ABbC Start and ending on t	the note F (F major) GA,GA	B,GABC,GABCD Start		
	and ending on the note G (G major)							
		earse and share a song that h						
	· ·	visatory ideas/ composed pas	_	•	alk about what the song me	eans and why it was		
	chosen to share, Reflect of	on feelings about sharing and	performing eg. excitement	, nerves, enjoyment				
		I	T	T	T			
Year 4	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4	Unit 5	Unit 6		
Ongoing Focus			How does music make					
Learning new music	al How does music bring us	How does music		How does music teach	How does music shape	How does music connect		
skills/concepts an	TOGETHER	connect us with our	the world a better	us about our	our way of life?	us with the		
revisiting them over		past?	place?	community?		environment?		
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Whole Sch	ool Music Overview 20	)21-2022 Charang	ga password and login	85234	drumming201	<mark>L8</mark>	Blakehi Primary Scho
time and with							Primary Scho
increasing depth.							
	Skills for Year 4						
		ding Music Using body percus			•		
	•	/4, Find and keep a steady be		•			chets, crotchets, quavers
	•	from notation, Copy back me words of a song Think about					/1 and 1/1 matra
		t, slow, or steady Recognise					
		and the rest of the ensemble					
		ed Know and understand what				- '	
	•	Recognise the sound and note			•	•	•
	•	nusical features that disting	•			_	
	Salsa, Reggae	_	·		• •		·
		n songs from memory and/or					
	thicker and richer the musical texture Demonstrate good singing posture Demonstrate vowel, blended sounds, and consonants Sing 'on pitch' and 'in time'						
		on to breathing and phrasing				to Talk about the differen	it styles of singing used
	•	ng Talk about how the songs	and their styles connect to	the world	d		
	Notation						
		ting high and low sounds, long	•	•			•
		iquavers, quavers and minims tchets, and quavers Identifyi				. G A B C D E F# D E F# G A	B C Reading and
		arse and learn to play a simp				C major F major G major	n D major
		earse and learn to play a simp					
	or from notation	cal so and roal it to play one of		annonnar pe	25e ronar c	on of o major, r major	, a major, a major by ear
		olore improvisation within a m	najor scale usina the notes	CDE.CD	EGA.CDEFG	DEF# A B. DEF G A	
		ate a simple melody using cro					Pentatonic on C) C D C D
		and ending on the note C (C)					
	E Start and ending on the	note G (G major)				·	

Whole School Music	Overview	2021-2022
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Performing Rehearse and enjoy the opportunity to share what has been learned in the lessons Perform, with confidence, a song from memory or using notice is a song from memory or using notice in the lessons perform, with confidence is a song from memory or using notice is a song from memory or usin
Include instrumental parts/improvisatory sections/composed passages within the rehearsal and performance Explain why the song was chosen, including its
composer and the historical and the cultural context of the song Communicate the meaning of the words and articulate them clearly Use the structure of the
song to communicate its mood and meaning in the performance Talk about what the rehearsal and performance has taught the student Understand how the
individual fits within the larger group ensemble Reflect on the performance and how well it suited the occasion Discuss and respond to any feedback, consider
how future performances might be different

	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4	Unit 5	Unit 6
	How does music bring us together?	How does music connect us with our past?	How does music make the world a better place?	How does music teach us about our community?	How does music shape our way of life?	How does music connect us with the environment?
Year 5						
Ongoing Focus Learning new musical skills/concepts and revisiting them over time and with increasing depth.						



Skills for Year 5

Musicianship: Understanding Music Using body percussion, instruments and voices In the key centres of: C major, D major, F major, A minor In the time signatures of: 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 5/4, 6/8 Find and keep a steady beat Listen and copy rhythmic patterns made of dotted minims, minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, dotted quavers, triplet quavers, quavers, semiquavers and their rests by ear or from notation Copy back melodic patterns using the notes CDE, DEF#GA, DEF#GABC#, ABCDEFG#, FGABbCDE

<u>Listening</u> Talk about feelings created by the song Justify a personal opinion with reference to musical concepts Find and demonstrate the steady beat Identify 2/4, 3/4, 6/8 and 5/4 metre Identify the musical style of a song Identify instruments by ear and through a range of media Discuss the structure of the music with reference to verse, chorus, bridge, call and response, repeat signs, chorus and final chorus, improvisation, call and response, and AB Explain a bridge passage and its position in a song Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music Identify major and minor tonality Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic and blues scales by ear and from notation Explain the role of a main theme in musical structure Know and understand what a musical introduction is and its purpose Explain rapping Recognise the following styles and any key musical features that distinguish the style: Folk, Pop, Gospel, Klezmer, Sea Shanty, Funk and Musicals

<u>Singing</u> Rehearse and learn songs from memory and/or with notation Sing in 2/4, 3/4, 4/4 and 6/8 time Sing in unison and as part of a smaller group Sing 'on pitch' and 'in time' Sing a second part in a song Self-correct if lost or out of time Sing expressively, with attention to breathing and phrasing Sing expressively, with attention to dynamics and articulation Develop confidence as a soloist Talk about the different styles of singing used for different styles of song Talk confidently about how connected you feel to the music and how it connects in the world Respond to a leader or conductor

Notation Explore ways of representing high and low sounds, long and short sounds, symbols, and any appropriate means of notation. Standard notation using dotted crotchets, crotchets, semiquavers, quavers and minims, and simple combinations of: C D E F G A B F G A B G D E F G A B G D E F G A B G D E F G A B G D E F G A B G D E F G A B G D E F G A B G D E F G A B G Identifying: Stave Treble clef Time signature Reading and responding to minims, crotchets, quavers, dotted quavers, and semiquavers Recognising how notes are grouped when notated Identifying the stave and symbols on the stave such as the

treble clef, the name of the notes on lines and in spaces, bar lines, a flat sign and a sharp sign

<u>Playing Instruments</u> Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear or from notation in C major, F major, G major, Ab major, D minor <u>Playing the recorder</u> Rehearse and learn to play one of four differentiated instrumental parts in the tonal centres of C major, F major, G major, Ab major, D minor by ear or from notation

Creating: Improvising Explore improvisation within a major scale using the notes CDE b FG, CDE FG, CDE GA, FGABbC, DE FGA

<u>Creating: Composing</u> Create a simple melody using crotchets and minims: CDCDECDEGCDEGA Start and ending on the note C (Pentatonic on C) FGFGAFGABBFGABBCStart and ending on the note F (Pentatonic on F) GAGABGABCDStart and ending on the note G (Pentatonic on G) DEDEFDEFGDEFGAStart and ending on the note D (D minor)

<u>Performing</u> Create, rehearse and present a holistic performance for a specific purpose, for a friendly but unknown audience Perform from memory or with notation, with confidence and accuracy Include instrumental parts/improvisatory sections/composed passages within the rehearsal and performance Explain why the song was chosen, including its composer and the historical and the cultural context of the song A student leads part of the rehearsal and part of the performance Record the performance and compare it to a previous performance. Explain how well the performance communicated the mood of each piece Discuss and talk musically about the strengths and weaknesses of a performance Collect feedback from the audience and reflect how future performances might be different

Whole Sch	nool Music Overview 20	021-2022 Charang	a password and login	85234 drumming20	<mark>18</mark>	Blakehill Primary School
	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4	Unit 5	Unit 6 Primary School
Year 6 and Appraise al Activities	How does music bring us together?	How does music connect us with our past?	How does music make the world a better place?	How does music teach us about our community?	How does music shape our way of life?	How does music connect us with the environment?
rformance						
ion Activities						

### Skills for Year 6

Listen a

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Ongoing Focus
Learning new musical
skills/concepts and
revisiting them over
time and with
increasing depth.

Extension

Musicianship: Using body percussion, instruments and voices In the key centres of: C major, F major, G major, D major, A minor, D minor In the time signatures of: 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 5/4 and 6/8 Find and keep a steady beat Listen and copy rhythmic patterns made of minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, dotted quavers, triplet quavers, semiquavers, and their rests by ear or from notation Copy back melodic patterns using the notes DEFGA, CDEFGAB, FGABLCDE, GABCDEF\$, DEF\$GABC\$, ABCDEF\$

Listening: Talk about feelings created by the song Justify a personal opinion with reference to musical concepts Identify 2/4, 4/4, 3/4, 6/8 and 5/4 Identify the musical style of a song using some musical vocabulary to discuss its musical concepts Identify the following instruments by ear and through a range of media: bass, electric guitar, percussion, sections of the orchestra such as brass, woodwind and strings, steel pans, congas, pianos, synthesizers and vocal techniques such as cackles Discuss the structure of the music with reference to verse, chorus, bridge and an instrumental break Explain a bridge passage and its position in a song Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music Identify major and minor tonality, triads I, IV and V, and intervals within a major scale Explain the role of a main theme in musical structure Know and understand what a musical introduction and outro is and its purpose Identify the sound of a Gospel choir and soloist, Rock band, symphony orchestra and a cappella groups

Singing Rehearse and learn Year 6 Unit songs from memory and/or with notation Sing in 2/4, 4/4, 3/4, 5/4 and 6/8 Sing with and without an accompaniment Sing syncopated melodic patterns Demonstrate and maintain good posture and breath control whilst singing Sing expressively, with attention to breathing and phrasing Sing expressively, with attention to dynamics and articulation Lead a singing rehearsal Talk about the different styles of singing used for the different styles of songs sung in this year Discuss with others how connected you are to the music and songs, and how the songs and styles are connected to the world

Notation Explore ways of representing high and low sounds, long and short sounds, symbols, and any appropriate means of notation. Standard notation using dotted crotchets, crotchets, semiquavers, quavers, dotted minims, minims and semibreves, and simple combinations of: C D E F G A B F G A B F G A B F G A B F G A B F G A B F G A B F G A B F G A B F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C

<u>Playing Instruments</u> Rehearse and learn to play one of four differentiated instrumental parts in the tonal centres of C major, F major, G major, D major, Premajor, A major, Eb major, D minor, F minor by ear or from notation

Creating: Improvising Explore improvisation within a major scale using the notes CDEFG, GABbCD, GABCD, FGACD

<u>Performing</u> Create, rehearse and present a holistic performance for a specific event, for an unknown audience Create, rehearse, and present a holistic performance with detailed understanding of the musical, cultural and historical contexts Perform from memory or with notation Understand the value of choreographing any aspect of a performance A student or a group of students rehearse and lead parts of the performance Understand the importance of the performing space and how to use it Record the performance and compare it to a previous performance Collect feedback from the audience and reflect how the audience believed in the performance Discuss how the performance might change if it was repeated in a larger/smaller performance space